

## EDITORIAL

Produced during the summer of 2022, between intense heat waves, unprecedented droughts and devastating fires, the working context of this comic book could unfortunately not be more in line with its content. This book was, indeed, produced by several actors of the energy transition in the framework of the European project Sun4All.

Sun4All is a project of the European Union's «Horizon 2020» programme, dedicated to research and innovation. Its aim is to bring solar photovoltaic energy to households in energy poverty. It is being tested in the cities of Almada (Portugal), Barcelona (Spain), Rome (Italy) and in the Community of Communes of Coeur de Savoie.

The aim of this book is to raise readers' awareness of climate issues and get them involved in the implementation of solutions. In the first part, you will discover the destiny of young Emma, whose story takes place in 2065... in a society that has managed to adapt and act in the face of the challenges of climate change. Indeed, the story has been deliberately imagined with a positive vision of the future.

Finally, a technical file will allow you to discover in detail practical solutions that may suit everyone... Enjoy your reading!

## CREDITS AND LEGAL MENTIONS:

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Translated into English by Clotilde Mahé - ICLEI, Xavier Bouvier - INES, Camila Canelas - Ecoserveis, Yann Maurelli.

Thank you to all the participants for being involved in the making of this comic book!









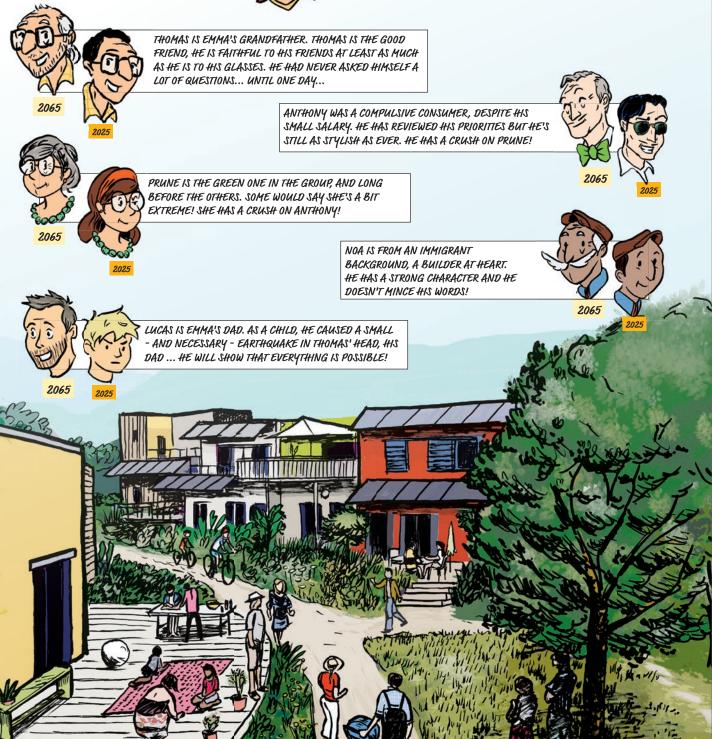


## Emma's destiny

PRESENTATION OF THE MAIN CHARACTERS

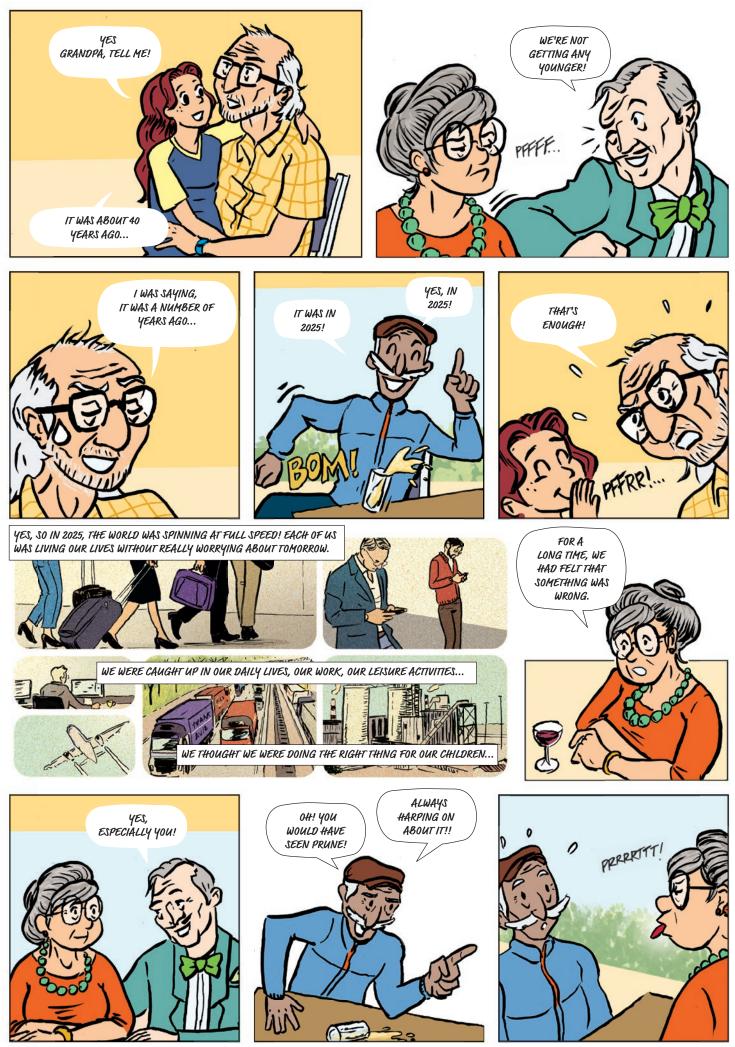


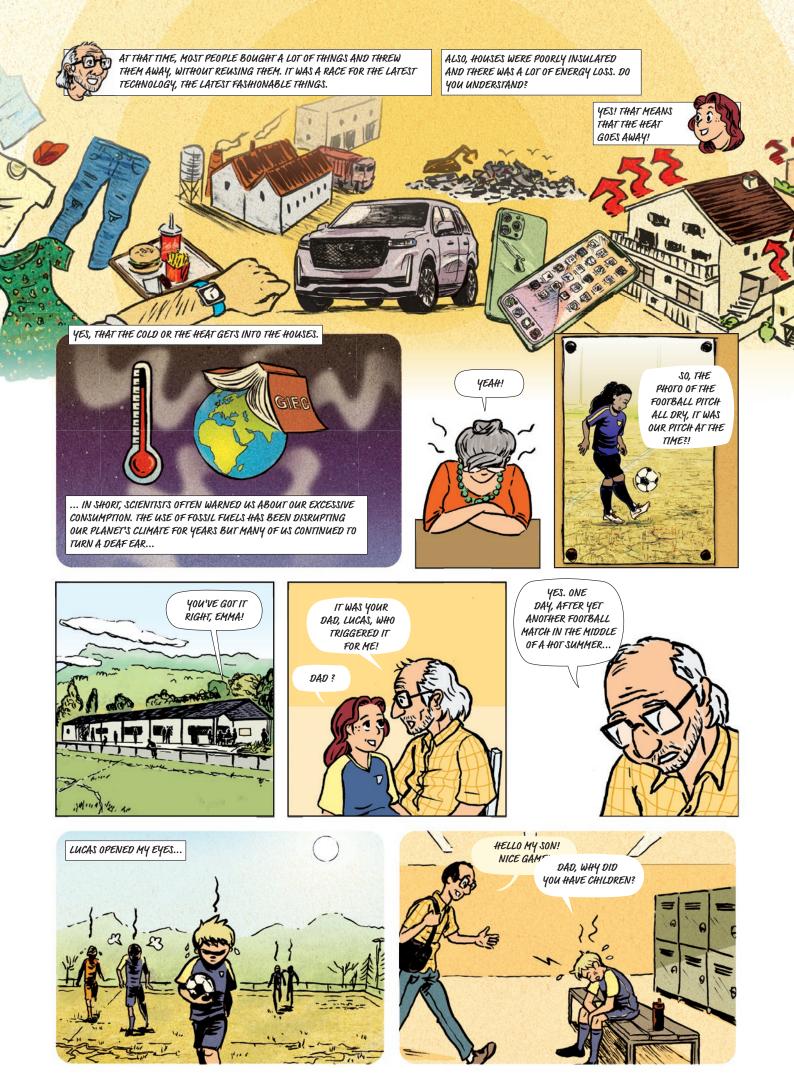
EMMA, 9 YEARS OLD, A FOOTBALLER, IS OUR MAIN HEROINE. SHE HAS EYES THAT SPARKLE WITH CURIOSITY. SHE'S LIVING IN A COMFORTABLE FUTURE IN 2065, BUT WHEN SHE COMES ACROSS MYSTERIOUS EVENTS, SHE'S GOT TO ASK SOME QUESTIONS.















DAD LOOKS AT THE FOOTBALL FIELD, IT'S COMPLETELY BURNT OUT!

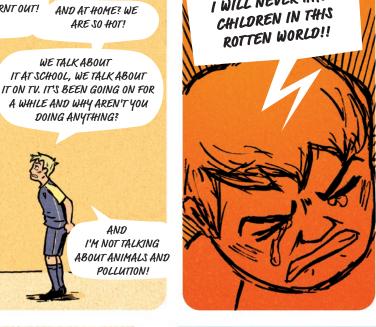
AND AT HOME? WE ARE SO HOT!

WE TALK ABOUT IT AT SCHOOL, WE TALK ABOUT

A WHILE AND WHY AREN'T YOU DOING ANYTHING?

AND

POLLUTION!



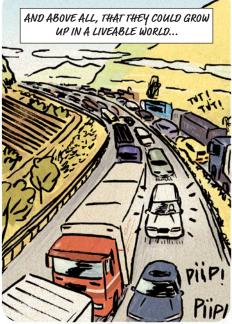
1,11

I WILL NEVER HAVE



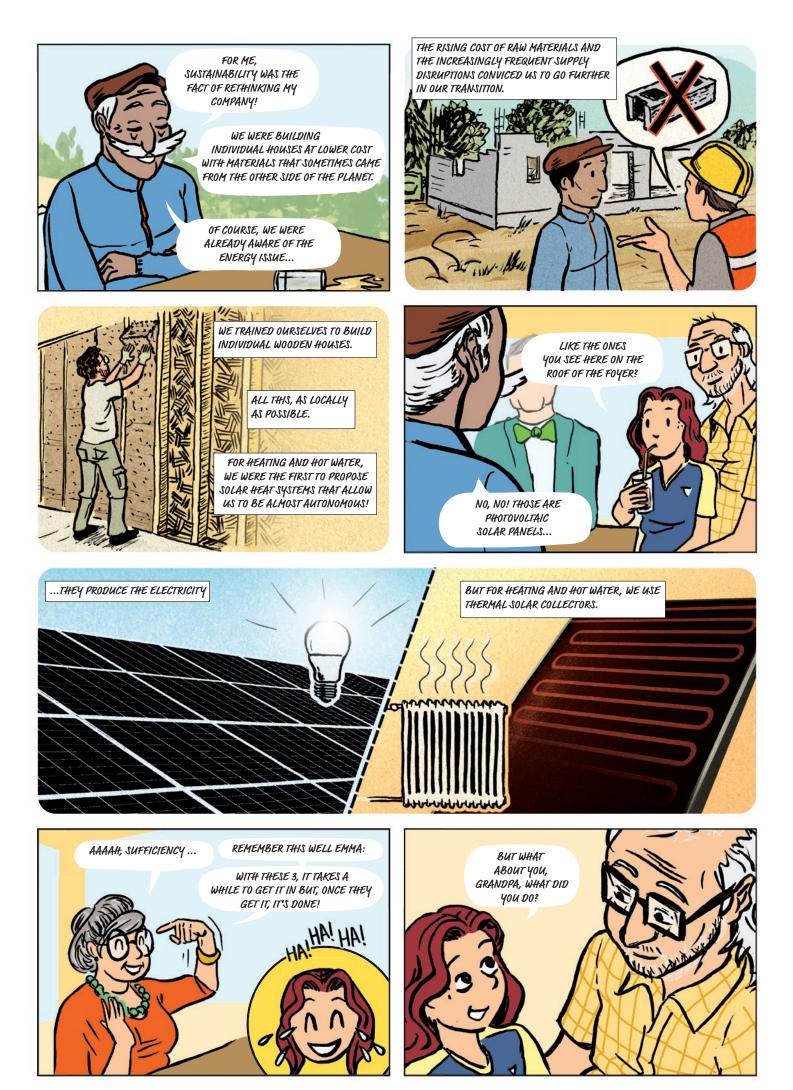


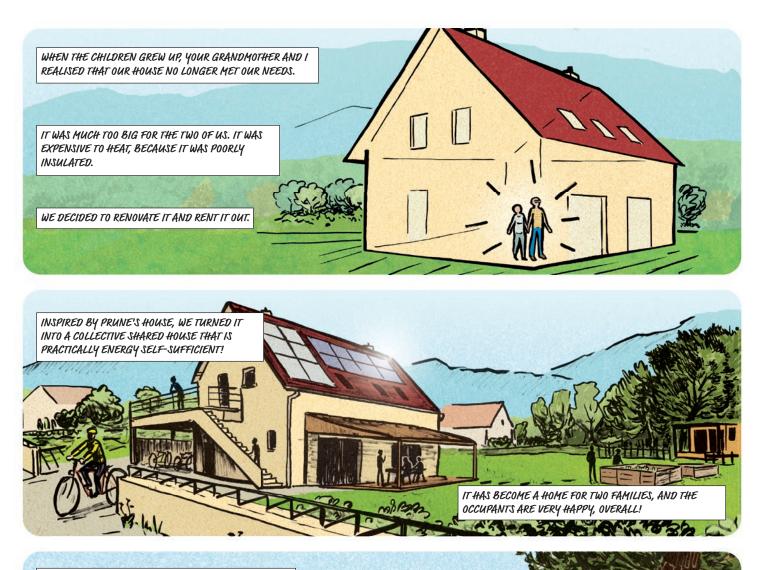












AND, AS WE HAD A LARGE PLOT OF LAND, WE KEPT PART OF IT TO PUT A TINY HOUSE ON.

IT'S THE ONE YOU'VE BEEN PLAYING IN SINCE YOU WERE LITTLE!

WE HAVE PRIVATE ACCESS TO IT BUT WE TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE COMMON AREAS OF THE COLLECTIVE HOUSING, SUCH AS THE BICYCLE GARAGE, THE LAUNDRY ROOM AND THE VEGETABLE GARDEN.



WE HAVE RETHOUGHT OUR WAY OF CONSUMING, AND BUYING ONLY WHAT WE REALLY NEED, AS LOCALLY AS POSSIBLE

WITH GRANNY YOU KNOW THAT WE HAVE GONE ZERO WASTE, TODAY WE HAVE PRACTICALLY NO MORE TRASH.

FOR OUR TRAVELS, WE REDUCE THE USE OF THE CAR AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE. WE USE OUR BIKES FOR SHORT TRIPS AND THE BUS OR TRAIN FOR LONGER JOURNEYS.







**Sufficiency:** Reduction of consumption through lifestyle changes and social transformations, without deteriorating living comfort. It refers to the idea of frugality and, in the language of the IPCC, "demand-side" measures

**Sustainability:** Meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs, as defined by the United Nations Brundtland Commission.

**CO**<sub>2</sub> **Emissions:**  $CO_2$  emissions are all the carbon dioxide released into the atmosphere.  $CO_2$  emissions caused by human pollution are constantly increasing. They contribute to global warming.  $CO_2$  is the main greenhouse gas, but not the only one, along with as methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) and nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O).

**IPCC:** The IPCC is the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Created in 1988 by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the World Meteorological Organisation (WMO), it brings together 195 member states. The IPCC is a centre of expertise that synthesises the state of knowledge on climate change and the role of human activity, and publishes scientific reports that are used by states to reach agreements in the fight against global warming.

Tiny House : A small transportable ecological house fixed on a trailer, built in light and noble materials.

**Fossil fuel:** Energy produced from compounds derived from the sedimentary decomposition of organic matter, i.e. mainly composed of carbon. It includes oil, natural gas and coal. When fossil fuels are burned, they release large amounts of carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, into the air. Greenhouse gases trap heat in our atmosphere, causing global warming.

**Carbon (or environmental) footprint:** This is a unit for measuring the impact of human activities on climate change. It calculates the amount of greenhouse gases emitted by an action.

**Zero Waste:** "Zero waste" is an approach to reducing our impact on the environment by reducing the amount of waste we produce and its negative impact on the planet.

Associations for the preservation of farming agriculture: Associations that establish a direct link between a local farmer and consumers..

## TECHNICAL GUIDE



In line with what the characters have undertaken in 2025, this technical guide will give you concrete solutions for taking action.

In this technical guide you will find an example of a house that will evolve over time. In its initial state, our house is very poorly insulated and its inhabitants have very high heating consumption.

The house will then be renovated and the heating system changed for an efficient one. After having thought about energy savings and efficiency, we can install renewable energies: solar thermal energy to complete the heating system and solar photovoltaic energy to produce electricity.

## ENERGY POVERTY



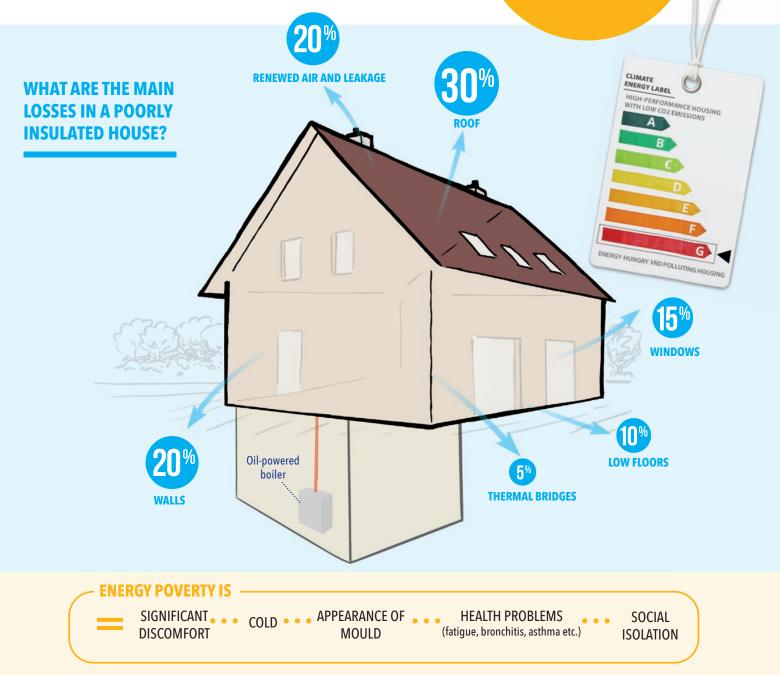
Many people find themselves in a situation of "energy poverty ". They are unable to heat their homes at an acceptable cost.

They may be forced to choose between satisfying basic needs or paying the bills, or even over-indebtedness.

Most of them have low incomes and, above all, poorly insulated housing

## **DID YOU KNOW?**

In 2022, over 41 million Europeans were unable to keep their homes adequately warm (9.3 % of the population of the EU) and the increase in energy prices only reinforces this phenomenon!



## **HOW TO REDUCE ENERGY CONSUMPTION?**

#### **IMPLEMENT ECO-FRIENDLY ACTIONS > PRACTICE SOBER ENERGY USE**

With Eco-friendly actions you can save an average of 12% on energy so a significant financial gain!

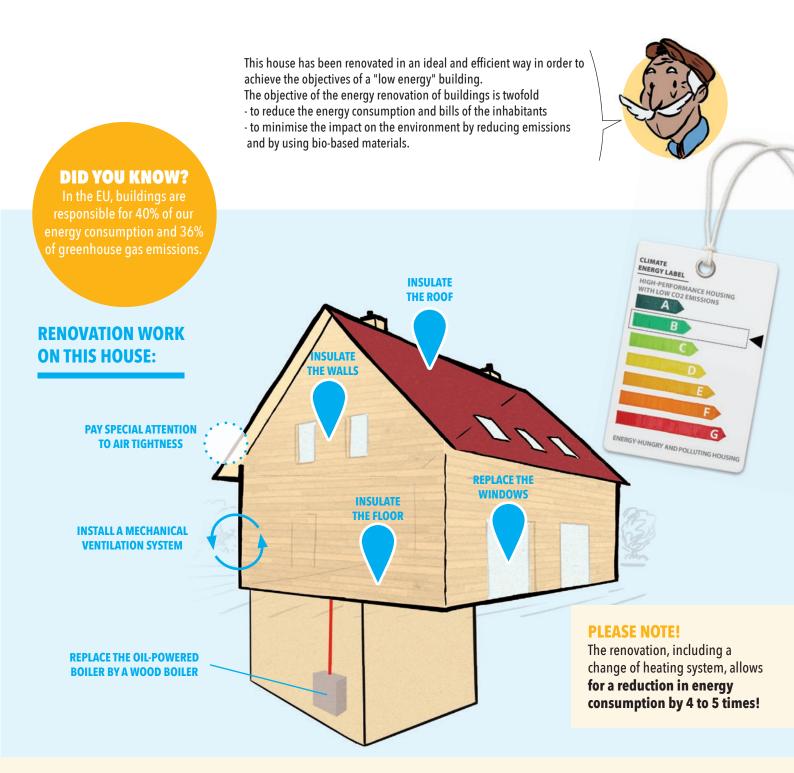
#### **RENOVATE YOUR HOME > OPTIMISE ENERGY EFFICIENCY**

Good thermal insulation is the first step because it will reduce the need for heating or cooling.

#### **ECO-FRIENDLY ACTION:**

Use power strips to switch off appliances! When electronic devices are not working, they can still consume energy.

## ENERGY RENOVATION



The overall renovation of this house resulted in savings of 400 kWh/m2/year and 8800 kgCO2/year.



This represents the equivalent of 70,000 km/year driven by car or almost two trips around the world.

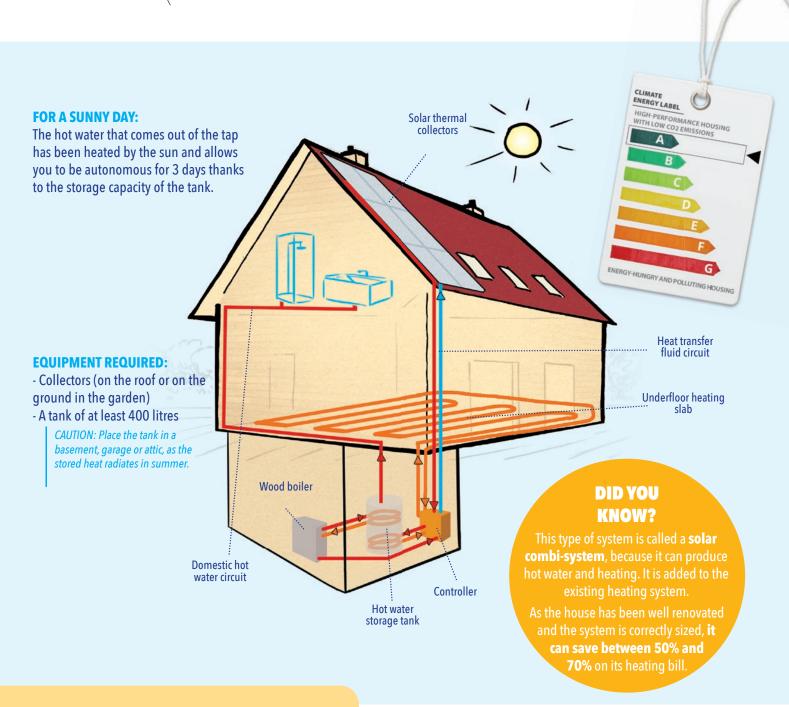
## SOLAR HEAT



Solar thermal energy is used to heat a fluid, mainly water. Most of solar thermal modules consist of a black plate with copper tubes on the back. The plate heats up and transfers its heat to the water contained in the tubes. A pump is used to circulate the water and fill a hot water tank for example.

The next step for an efficient renovation is to install renewable energy systems. Here we propose to couple solar thermal energy to the wood-burning stove installed after renovation.

The energy is redistributed where it is needed: this can be the hot water tank for our showers, and the washing machine, but also to supply the heat emitters (i.e., underfloor heating and radiators). Emitters are therefore required, with circulating water... If they are electric radiators, they are not compatible.



#### **ECO-FRIENDLY ACTION:**

We set the temperature between 19 and 21°C in occupied rooms during the day, and 17°C at night and during the day in rooms that are less occupied.

1°C less means 7% energy savings!



The temperature of the rooms can be easily adjusted by installing a control and programming your heating system.

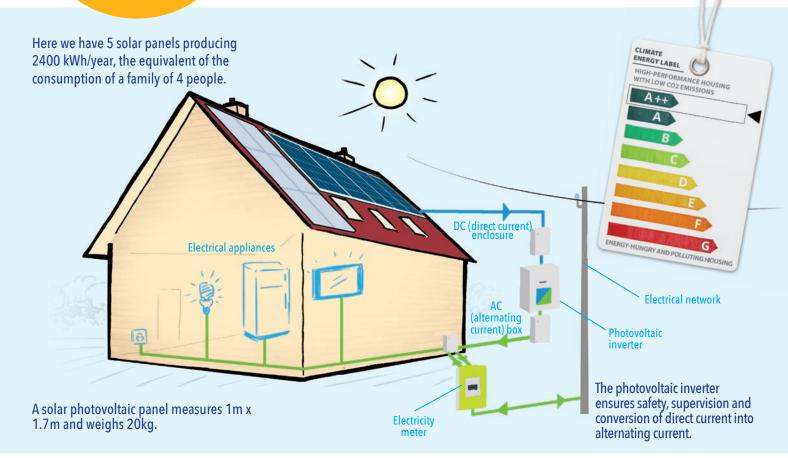
## PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY

Photovoltaic solar panels are used to generate electricity for lighting or television, for example. Thanks to this installation, this house will achieve an A++ rating, which means that it will produce more energy than it consumes.

Economically, there are 2 ways to valorise your photovoltaic production: Selling your photovoltaic electricity to an electricity supplier Self-consume your photovoltaic electricity and sell the surplus > means making financial savings on your electricity bill.

### **DID YOU KNOW?**

A solar photovoltaic panel has a carbon footprint of 30gCO2/kWh, which is about 15 times less than gas and 30 times less than coal.



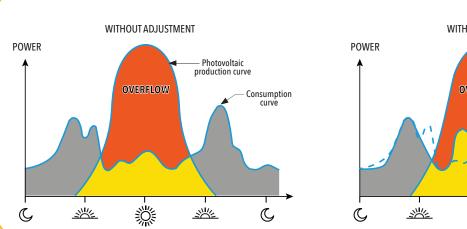
## **FOCUS ON SELF-CONSUMPTION**

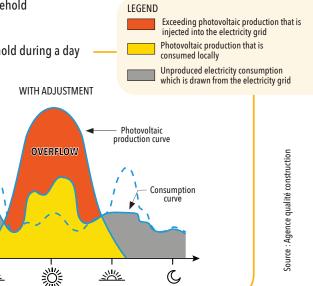
#### Self-consumption means adjusting your consumption to the photovoltaic production:

> The energy produced by the photovoltaic installation is consumed directly by the household

> The surplus is fed into the electricity grid

- Comparison between the photovoltaic production and the consumption of a household during a day







### WHAT IS SUN4ALL?

Sun4All is an innovative project of the European Union's Horizon 2020 programme. Its objective is to bring the benefits of **solar photovoltaic energy** to households **in energy poverty**, which usually do not have the capacity to invest in such energy sources.

Accompanied by the training and expertise centre of the **FRENCH NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR SOLAR ENERGY (INES-PFE)**, the **Community of Communes Coeur de Savoie** has been selected alongside the European cities of Rome, Barcelona and Almada to experiment with this programme. Between 2023 and 2024, 50 households per year are invited to join the project. The aim will then be to analyse this experiment, before adapting it and **replicating it in other European territories**.



Solar energy is generated by local photovoltaic installations, owned by the municipality and located near to where eligible participants live. Depending on the pilot use case, the renewable solar energy is either provided for direct consumption by Sun4All beneficiaries or fed into the local power grid. Sun4All beneficiaries continue to get electricity as usual, with no need to install or maintain solar panels. Through the financial support scheme and its redistribution mechanism, Sun4All participants financially benefit from the renewable energy produced and its value.

## **TO FIND OUT MORE:**

info@sunforall.eu www.sunforall.eu Twitter: Sun4All\_EU LinkedIn: Sun4All Project



The Coeur de Savoie Community of Municipalities has long been involved in the development of solar energy with numerous photovoltaic power plants installed on its territory.



This project has been funded by the Horizon 2020 and innovation programme Horizon 2020 of the European Union, under the grant agreement n°1010322309

The INES-PFE component of the FRENCH NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR SOLAR ENERGY aims to support territories and companies to strengthen their capacities in the in the field of solar energy.

Views and opinions expressed are those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

# Emma's destiny/

The story of "Emma's destiny" takes place in 2065 in a small town in the Alps. The changes needed to fight global warming and protect biodiversity have been implemented. The climatic disasters are behind us, everyday life is liveable, territories are more adapted and resilient than in 2022. At the party of her football club, Emma, a young football player, discovers, by looking at photos and talking to her grandfather in particular, what has caused these positive changes and what solutions have been adopted by 2025... The year of (real) awareness and collective action! Finally!

In the spirit of what our characters have undertaken in the years 2025, a technical guide at the end of the story gives you some ideas for action.